

Force a immediate reboot of a remote linux machine

"reboot" or "shutdown" commands are executed daemons are gracefully stopped and storage volumes unmounted. This is usually accomplished via scripts in the `/etc/init.d` directory which will wait for each daemon to shut down gracefully before proceeding on to the next one. That environment triggers dead-lock situation when one of the daemons are not closing gracefully. To force the kernel to reboot the system will be adding an additional parameter `"-f"`

```
reboot -f
```